

MORNING MOCHA

China's manufacturing PMI slipped deeper into the contraction zone (49.4 in Nov'23 v. 49.5 in Oct'23). Non-manufacturing PMI too moderated (50.2 from 50.6 in Oct'23), led by a contraction in services activity. On the other hand, US economic strength was reinforced after Q3CY23 GDP was revised upwards to 5.2% (est. 5%), from 4.9% earlier. In the Eurozone, inflation in both Germany and Spain eased significantly, led by a drop in energy prices. Separately, OECD has projected a slowdown in global growth from 2.9% in 2023 to 2.7% in 2024. Even so, it expects most major economies to avoid a hard landing. For India, GDP growth is estimated at 6.3% in FY24 and 6.1% in FY25. In India, the free foodgrains scheme (PMGKAY) has been extended for another 5 years, with an estimated cost of Rs. 11.8 lakh crores.

 Global stocks broadly ended lower. Investors' sentiments were impacted by expectations of a mild slowdown in 2024 as projected in OECD's Economic Outlook. Apart from this, moderation in inflation in Germany and slowdown in consumer credit in UK, also impacted sentiments. Hang Seng fell the most, followed by Shanghai Comp. Sensex rose by 1.1%, supported by banking stocks. It is trading higher today, in line with Asian stocks.

Fig 1 – Stock markets

	28-11-2023	29-11-2023	% change
Dow Jones	35,417	35,430	0
S & P 500	4,555	4,551	(0.1)
FTSE	7,455	7,423	(0.4)
Nikkei	33,408	33,321	(0.3)
Hang Seng	17,354	16,993	(2.1)
Shanghai Comp	3,039	3,022	(0.6)
Sensex	66,174	66,902	1.1
Nifty	19,890	20,097	1.0

Source: Bloomberg, Bank of Baroda Research

 Global currencies ended mixed. DXY closed flat, after declining for the last three sessions. Positive GDP data lent support to the dollar. EUR fell by 0.2% after Germany's inflation report. INR ended broadly stable. It is trading stronger today, in line with other Asian currencies.

Fig 2 – Currencies

	28-11-2023	29-11-2023	% change
EUR/USD (1 EUR / USD)	1.0993	1.0969	(0.2)
GBP/USD (1 GBP / USD)	1.2694	1.2695	0
USD/JPY (JPY / 1 USD)	147.48	147.24	0.2
USD/INR (INR / 1 USD)	83.34	83.33	0
USD/CNY (CNY / 1 USD)	7.1363	7.1262	0.1

Source: Bloomberg, Bank of Baroda Research

30 November 2023

ECONOMIST Aditi Gupta





Except China (stable), global yields closed lower. Japan's 10Y yield fell sharply, as a BoJ Board member spoke of easy monetary policy. US 10Y yield fell, tracking comments from Fed's Loretta Mester's suggesting a nimble approach. Germany's 10Y yield got comfort from a softened inflation print in Nov'23. India's 10Y yield fell by 3bps led by global cues. It is trading flat today.

Fig 3 – Bond 10Y yield

	28-11-2023	29-11-2023	change in bps
US	4.32	4.26	(7)
UK	4.17	4.10	(8)
Germany	2.50	2.43	(6)
Japan	0.76	0.67	(9)
China	2.69	2.69	0
India	7.28	7.25	(3)

Source: Bloomberg, Bank of Baroda Research

Fig 4 – Short term rates

	28-11-2023	29-11-2023	change in bps
Tbill-91 days	6.98	6.96	(2)
Tbill-182 days	7.08	7.13	5
Tbill-364 days	7.13	7.14	1
G-Sec 2Y	7.28	7.26	(2)
India OIS-2M	6.87	6.86	(1)
India OIS-9M	6.89	6.86	(3)
SONIA int rate benchmark	5.19	5.19	0
US SOFR	5.32	5.32	0
Source: Bloomborg, Bank of Barada Basaarah			

Source: Bloomberg, Bank of Baroda Research

Fig 5 – Liquidity

Rs tn	28-11-2023	29-11-2023	change (Rs tn)
Net Liquidity (-Surplus/+deficit)	1.1	1.0	(0.1)
Reverse repo	0.2	0.2	0
Repo	0	0	0

Source: RBI, Bank of Baroda Research

Fig 6 – Capital market flows

	24-11-2023	28-11-2023	change (US\$ mn/Rs cr)
FII (US\$ mn)	508.6	267.0	(241.7)
Debt	206.0	52.8	(153.3)
Equity	302.6	214.2	(88.4)
Mutual funds (Rs cr)	(1,847.5)	(5,954.1)	(4,106.6)
Debt	(2,198.5)	(6,440.1)	(4,241.6)
Equity	351.0	486.0	135.0

Source: Bloomberg, Bank of Baroda Research | Note: Mutual fund data as of 23 Nov 2023 and 24 Nov 2023

Oil prices rose amidst expectations of deeper output cuts from OPEC+.

Fig 7 – Commodities

	28-11-2023	29-11-2023	% change
Brent crude (US\$/bbl)	81.7	83.1	1.7
Gold (US\$/ Troy Ounce)	2,041.0	2,044.2	0.2
Copper (US\$/ MT)	8,387.8	8,336.5	(0.6)
Zinc (US\$/MT)	2,537.0	2,492.0	(1.8)
Aluminium (US\$/MT)	2,217.0	2,214.0	(0.1)

Source: Bloomberg, Bank of Baroda Research





Disclaimer

The views expressed in this research note are personal views of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of Bank of Baroda. Nothing contained in this publication shall constitute or be deemed to constitute an offer to sell/ purchase or as an invitation or solicitation to do so for any securities of any entity. Bank of Baroda and/ or its Affiliates and its subsidiaries make no representation as to the accuracy; completeness or reliability of any information contained herein or otherwise provided and hereby disclaim any liability with regard to the same. Bank of Baroda Group or its officers, employees, personnel, directors may be associated in a commercial or personal capacity or may have a commercial interest including as proprietary traders in or with the securities and/ or companies or issues or matters as contained in this publication, shall not make or render Bank of Baroda Group liable in any manner whatsoever & Bank of Baroda Group or any of its officers, employees, personnel, directors shall not be liable for any loss, damage, liability whatsoever for any direct or indirect loss arising from the use or access of any information that may be displayed in this publication from time to time.

Visit us at



For further details about this publication, please contact:

Chief Economist Bank of Baroda +91 22 6698 5143 chief.economist@bankofbaroda.com